

Several Differentiation Formulas of Special Functions. Part V

Peng Wang
 Qingdao University of Science
 and Technology
 China

Bo Li
 Qingdao University of Science
 and Technology
 China

Summary. In this article, we give several differentiation formulas of special and composite functions including trigonometric, polynomial and logarithmic functions.

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The articles [13], [15], [1], [16], [2], [4], [10], [11], [17], [5], [14], [12], [3], [7], [6], [9], and [8] provide the notation and terminology for this paper.

The partial function $\sec$ from $\mathbb{R}$ to $\mathbb{R}$ is defined as follows:

(Def. 1) $\sec = \frac{1}{\text{the function } \cos}.$

The partial function cosec from $\mathbb{R}$ to $\mathbb{R}$ is defined by:

(Def. 2) $\operatorname{cosec} = \frac{1}{\text{the function } \sin}.$

For simplicity, we follow the rules: x, a, b, c are real numbers, n is a natural number, Z is an open subset of $\mathbb{R}$, and f, f_1, f_2 are partial functions from $\mathbb{R}$ to $\mathbb{R}$.

One can prove the following propositions:

- (1) If $(\text{the function } \cos)(x) \neq 0$, then $\sec$ is differentiable in x and $(\sec)'(x) = \frac{(\text{the function } \sin)(x)}{(\text{the function } \cos)(x)^2}.$
- (2) If $(\text{the function } \sin)(x) \neq 0$, then cosec is differentiable in x and $(\operatorname{cosec})'(x) = -\frac{(\text{the function } \cos)(x)}{(\text{the function } \sin)(x)^2}.$
- (3) $(\frac{1}{x})_{\mathbb{Z}}^n = \frac{1}{x_{\mathbb{Z}}^n}.$
- (4) Suppose $Z \subseteq \operatorname{dom} \sec$. Then $\sec$ is differentiable on Z and for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $(\sec)'|_Z(x) = \frac{(\text{the function } \sin)(x)}{(\text{the function } \cos)(x)^2}.$

- (5) Suppose $Z \subseteq \text{dom cosec}$. Then cosec is differentiable on Z and for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $(\text{cosec})'_{|Z}(x) = -\frac{(\text{the function cos})(x)}{(\text{the function sin})(x)^2}$.
- (6) Suppose $Z \subseteq \text{dom}(\sec \cdot f)$ and for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $f(x) = a \cdot x + b$. Then
- (i) $\sec \cdot f$ is differentiable on Z , and
 - (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $(\sec \cdot f)'_{|Z}(x) = \frac{a \cdot (\text{the function sin})(a \cdot x + b)}{(\text{the function cos})(a \cdot x + b)^2}$.
- (7) Suppose $Z \subseteq \text{dom}(\text{cosec} \cdot f)$ and for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $f(x) = a \cdot x + b$. Then
- (i) $\text{cosec} \cdot f$ is differentiable on Z , and
 - (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $(\text{cosec} \cdot f)'_{|Z}(x) = -\frac{a \cdot (\text{the function cos})(a \cdot x + b)}{(\text{the function sin})(a \cdot x + b)^2}$.
- (8) Suppose $Z \subseteq \text{dom}(\sec \cdot \frac{1}{f})$ and for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $f(x) = x$. Then
- (i) $\sec \cdot \frac{1}{f}$ is differentiable on Z , and
 - (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $(\sec \cdot \frac{1}{f})'_{|Z}(x) = -\frac{(\text{the function sin})(\frac{1}{x})}{x^2 \cdot (\text{the function cos})(\frac{1}{x})^2}$.
- (9) Suppose $Z \subseteq \text{dom}(\text{cosec} \cdot \frac{1}{f})$ and for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $f(x) = x$. Then
- (i) $\text{cosec} \cdot \frac{1}{f}$ is differentiable on Z , and
 - (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $(\text{cosec} \cdot \frac{1}{f})'_{|Z}(x) = \frac{(\text{the function cos})(\frac{1}{x})}{x^2 \cdot (\text{the function sin})(\frac{1}{x})^2}$.
- (10) Suppose $Z \subseteq \text{dom}(\sec \cdot (f_1 + c f_2))$ and $f_2 = \frac{2}{\mathbb{Z}}$ and for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $f_1(x) = a + b \cdot x$. Then
- (i) $\sec \cdot (f_1 + c f_2)$ is differentiable on Z , and
 - (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $(\sec \cdot (f_1 + c f_2))'_{|Z}(x) = \frac{(b+2 \cdot c \cdot x) \cdot (\text{the function sin})(a+b \cdot x+c \cdot x^2)}{(\text{the function cos})(a+b \cdot x+c \cdot x^2)^2}$.
- (11) Suppose $Z \subseteq \text{dom}(\text{cosec} \cdot (f_1 + c f_2))$ and $f_2 = \frac{2}{\mathbb{Z}}$ and for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $f_1(x) = a + b \cdot x$. Then
- (i) $\text{cosec} \cdot (f_1 + c f_2)$ is differentiable on Z , and
 - (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $(\text{cosec} \cdot (f_1 + c f_2))'_{|Z}(x) = -\frac{(b+2 \cdot c \cdot x) \cdot (\text{the function cos})(a+b \cdot x+c \cdot x^2)}{(\text{the function sin})(a+b \cdot x+c \cdot x^2)^2}$.
- (12) Suppose $Z \subseteq \text{dom}(\sec \cdot (\text{the function exp}))$. Then
- (i) $\sec \cdot (\text{the function exp})$ is differentiable on Z , and
 - (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $(\sec \cdot (\text{the function exp}))'_{|Z}(x) = \frac{(\text{the function exp})(x) \cdot (\text{the function sin})((\text{the function exp})(x))}{(\text{the function cos})((\text{the function exp})(x))^2}$.
- (13) Suppose $Z \subseteq \text{dom}(\text{cosec} \cdot (\text{the function exp}))$. Then
- (i) $\text{cosec} \cdot (\text{the function exp})$ is differentiable on Z , and

- (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $(\operatorname{cosec} \cdot (\text{the function exp}))'_{|Z}(x) = -\frac{(\text{the function exp})(x) \cdot (\text{the function cos})((\text{the function exp})(x))}{(\text{the function sin})((\text{the function exp})(x))^2}$.
- (14) Suppose $Z \subseteq \operatorname{dom}(\sec \cdot (\text{the function ln}))$. Then
- (i) $\sec \cdot (\text{the function ln})$ is differentiable on Z , and
- (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $(\sec \cdot (\text{the function ln}))'_{|Z}(x) = \frac{(\text{the function sin})((\text{the function ln})(x))}{x \cdot (\text{the function cos})((\text{the function ln})(x))^2}$.
- (15) Suppose $Z \subseteq \operatorname{dom}(\operatorname{cosec} \cdot (\text{the function ln}))$. Then
- (i) $\operatorname{cosec} \cdot (\text{the function ln})$ is differentiable on Z , and
- (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $(\operatorname{cosec} \cdot (\text{the function ln}))'_{|Z}(x) = -\frac{(\text{the function cos})((\text{the function ln})(x))}{x \cdot (\text{the function sin})((\text{the function ln})(x))^2}$.
- (16) Suppose $Z \subseteq \operatorname{dom}((\text{the function exp}) \cdot \sec)$. Then
- (i) $(\text{the function exp}) \cdot \sec$ is differentiable on Z , and
- (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $((\text{the function exp}) \cdot \sec)'_{|Z}(x) = \frac{(\text{the function exp})((\sec)(x)) \cdot (\text{the function sin})(x)}{(\text{the function cos})(x)^2}$.
- (17) Suppose $Z \subseteq \operatorname{dom}((\text{the function exp}) \cdot \operatorname{cosec})$. Then
- (i) $(\text{the function exp}) \cdot \operatorname{cosec}$ is differentiable on Z , and
- (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $((\text{the function exp}) \cdot \operatorname{cosec})'_{|Z}(x) = -\frac{(\text{the function exp})((\operatorname{cosec})(x)) \cdot (\text{the function cos})(x)}{(\text{the function sin})(x)^2}$.
- (18) Suppose $Z \subseteq \operatorname{dom}((\text{the function ln}) \cdot \sec)$. Then
- (i) $(\text{the function ln}) \cdot \sec$ is differentiable on Z , and
- (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $((\text{the function ln}) \cdot \sec)'_{|Z}(x) = \frac{(\text{the function sin})(x)}{(\text{the function cos})(x)}$.
- (19) Suppose $Z \subseteq \operatorname{dom}((\text{the function ln}) \cdot \operatorname{cosec})$. Then
- (i) $(\text{the function ln}) \cdot \operatorname{cosec}$ is differentiable on Z , and
- (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $((\text{the function ln}) \cdot \operatorname{cosec})'_{|Z}(x) = -\frac{(\text{the function cos})(x)}{(\text{the function sin})(x)}$.
- (20) Suppose $Z \subseteq \operatorname{dom}(\binom{n}{Z} \cdot \sec)$ and $1 \leq n$. Then
- (i) $\binom{n}{Z} \cdot \sec$ is differentiable on Z , and
- (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $(\binom{n}{Z} \cdot \sec)'_{|Z}(x) = \frac{n \cdot (\text{the function sin})(x)}{(\text{the function cos})(x)^{n+1}}$.
- (21) Suppose $Z \subseteq \operatorname{dom}(\binom{n}{Z} \cdot \operatorname{cosec})$ and $1 \leq n$. Then
- (i) $\binom{n}{Z} \cdot \operatorname{cosec}$ is differentiable on Z , and
- (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $(\binom{n}{Z} \cdot \operatorname{cosec})'_{|Z}(x) = -\frac{n \cdot (\text{the function cos})(x)}{(\text{the function sin})(x)^{n+1}}$.
- (22) Suppose $Z \subseteq \operatorname{dom}(\sec - \operatorname{id}_Z)$. Then
- (i) $\sec - \operatorname{id}_Z$ is differentiable on Z , and
- (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $(\sec - \operatorname{id}_Z)'_{|Z}(x) = \frac{(\text{the function sin})(x) - (\text{the function cos})(x)^2}{(\text{the function cos})(x)^2}$.

- (23) Suppose $Z \subseteq \text{dom}(-\text{cosec} - \text{id}_Z)$. Then
- (i) $-\text{cosec} - \text{id}_Z$ is differentiable on Z , and
 - (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $(-\text{cosec} - \text{id}_Z)'|_Z(x) = \frac{(\text{the function cos})(x) - (\text{the function sin})(x)^2}{(\text{the function sin})(x)^2}$.
- (24) Suppose $Z \subseteq \text{dom}((\text{the function exp}) \text{ sec})$. Then
- (i) $(\text{the function exp}) \text{ sec}$ is differentiable on Z , and
 - (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $((\text{the function exp}) \text{ sec})'|_Z(x) = \frac{(\text{the function exp})(x)}{(\text{the function cos})(x)} + \frac{(\text{the function exp})(x) \cdot (\text{the function sin})(x)}{(\text{the function cos})(x)^2}$.
- (25) Suppose $Z \subseteq \text{dom}((\text{the function exp}) \text{ cosec})$. Then
- (i) $(\text{the function exp}) \text{ cosec}$ is differentiable on Z , and
 - (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $((\text{the function exp}) \text{ cosec})'|_Z(x) = \frac{(\text{the function exp})(x)}{(\text{the function sin})(x)} - \frac{(\text{the function exp})(x) \cdot (\text{the function cos})(x)}{(\text{the function sin})(x)^2}$.
- (26) Suppose $Z \subseteq \text{dom}(\frac{1}{a}(\text{sec} \cdot f) - \text{id}_Z)$ and for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $f(x) = a \cdot x$ and $a \neq 0$. Then
- (i) $\frac{1}{a}(\text{sec} \cdot f) - \text{id}_Z$ is differentiable on Z , and
 - (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $(\frac{1}{a}(\text{sec} \cdot f) - \text{id}_Z)'|_Z(x) = \frac{(\text{the function sin})(a \cdot x) - (\text{the function cos})(a \cdot x)^2}{(\text{the function cos})(a \cdot x)^2}$.
- (27) Suppose $Z \subseteq \text{dom}((-\frac{1}{a})(\text{cosec} \cdot f) - \text{id}_Z)$ and for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $f(x) = a \cdot x$ and $a \neq 0$. Then
- (i) $(-\frac{1}{a})(\text{cosec} \cdot f) - \text{id}_Z$ is differentiable on Z , and
 - (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $((-\frac{1}{a})(\text{cosec} \cdot f) - \text{id}_Z)'|_Z(x) = \frac{(\text{the function cos})(a \cdot x) - (\text{the function sin})(a \cdot x)^2}{(\text{the function sin})(a \cdot x)^2}$.
- (28) Suppose $Z \subseteq \text{dom}(f \text{ sec})$ and for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $f(x) = a \cdot x + b$. Then
- (i) $f \text{ sec}$ is differentiable on Z , and
 - (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $(f \text{ sec})'|_Z(x) = \frac{a}{(\text{the function cos})(x)} + \frac{(a \cdot x + b) \cdot (\text{the function sin})(x)}{(\text{the function cos})(x)^2}$.
- (29) Suppose $Z \subseteq \text{dom}(f \text{ cosec})$ and for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $f(x) = a \cdot x + b$. Then
- (i) $f \text{ cosec}$ is differentiable on Z , and
 - (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $(f \text{ cosec})'|_Z(x) = \frac{a}{(\text{the function sin})(x)} - \frac{(a \cdot x + b) \cdot (\text{the function cos})(x)}{(\text{the function sin})(x)^2}$.
- (30) Suppose $Z \subseteq \text{dom}((\text{the function ln}) \text{ sec})$. Then
- (i) $(\text{the function ln}) \text{ sec}$ is differentiable on Z , and
 - (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $((\text{the function ln}) \text{ sec})'|_Z(x) = \frac{1}{(\text{the function cos})(x)} + \frac{(\text{the function ln})(x) \cdot (\text{the function sin})(x)}{(\text{the function cos})(x)^2}$.
- (31) Suppose $Z \subseteq \text{dom}((\text{the function ln}) \text{ cosec})$. Then

- (i) (the function $\ln$) cosec is differentiable on Z , and
- (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $((\text{the function } \ln) \text{ cosec})'_{|Z}(x) = \frac{\frac{1}{(\text{the function } \sin)(x)}}{x} - \frac{(\text{the function } \ln)(x) \cdot (\text{the function } \cos)(x)}{(\text{the function } \sin)(x)^2}$.
- (32) Suppose $Z \subseteq \text{dom}(\frac{1}{f} \sec)$ and for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $f(x) = x$. Then
- (i) $\frac{1}{f} \sec$ is differentiable on Z , and
- (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $(\frac{1}{f} \sec)'_{|Z}(x) = -\frac{\frac{1}{(\text{the function } \cos)(x)}}{x^2} + \frac{\frac{(\text{the function } \sin)(x)}{x}}{(\text{the function } \cos)(x)^2}$.
- (33) Suppose $Z \subseteq \text{dom}(\frac{1}{f} \text{cosec})$ and for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $f(x) = x$. Then
- (i) $\frac{1}{f} \text{cosec}$ is differentiable on Z , and
- (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $(\frac{1}{f} \text{cosec})'_{|Z}(x) = -\frac{\frac{1}{(\text{the function } \sin)(x)}}{x^2} - \frac{\frac{(\text{the function } \cos)(x)}{x}}{(\text{the function } \sin)(x)^2}$.
- (34) Suppose $Z \subseteq \text{dom}(\sec \cdot (\text{the function } \sin))$. Then
- (i) $\sec \cdot (\text{the function } \sin)$ is differentiable on Z , and
- (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $(\sec \cdot (\text{the function } \sin))'_{|Z}(x) = \frac{(\text{the function } \cos)(x) \cdot (\text{the function } \sin)((\text{the function } \sin)(x))}{(\text{the function } \cos)((\text{the function } \sin)(x))^2}$.
- (35) Suppose $Z \subseteq \text{dom}(\sec \cdot (\text{the function } \cos))$. Then
- (i) $\sec \cdot (\text{the function } \cos)$ is differentiable on Z , and
- (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $(\sec \cdot (\text{the function } \cos))'_{|Z}(x) = -\frac{(\text{the function } \sin)(x) \cdot (\text{the function } \sin)((\text{the function } \cos)(x))}{(\text{the function } \cos)((\text{the function } \cos)(x))^2}$.
- (36) Suppose $Z \subseteq \text{dom}(\text{cosec} \cdot (\text{the function } \sin))$. Then
- (i) $\text{cosec} \cdot (\text{the function } \sin)$ is differentiable on Z , and
- (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $(\text{cosec} \cdot (\text{the function } \sin))'_{|Z}(x) = -\frac{(\text{the function } \cos)(x) \cdot (\text{the function } \cos)((\text{the function } \sin)(x))}{(\text{the function } \sin)((\text{the function } \sin)(x))^2}$.
- (37) Suppose $Z \subseteq \text{dom}(\text{cosec} \cdot (\text{the function } \cos))$. Then
- (i) $\text{cosec} \cdot (\text{the function } \cos)$ is differentiable on Z , and
- (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $(\text{cosec} \cdot (\text{the function } \cos))'_{|Z}(x) = \frac{(\text{the function } \sin)(x) \cdot (\text{the function } \cos)((\text{the function } \cos)(x))}{(\text{the function } \sin)((\text{the function } \cos)(x))^2}$.
- (38) Suppose $Z \subseteq \text{dom}(\sec \cdot (\text{the function } \tan))$. Then
- (i) $\sec \cdot (\text{the function } \tan)$ is differentiable on Z , and
- (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $(\sec \cdot (\text{the function } \tan))'_{|Z}(x) = \frac{\frac{(\text{the function } \sin)((\text{the function } \tan)(x))}{(\text{the function } \cos)(x)^2}}{(\text{the function } \cos)((\text{the function } \tan)(x))^2}$.
- (39) Suppose $Z \subseteq \text{dom}(\sec \cdot (\text{the function } \cot))$. Then
- (i) $\sec \cdot (\text{the function } \cot)$ is differentiable on Z , and

- (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $(\sec \cdot (\text{the function cot}))'_{|Z}(x) = \frac{(\text{the function sin})(\text{the function cot})(x))}{(\text{the function sin})(x)^2} - \frac{(\text{the function cos})(\text{the function cot})(x))}{(\text{the function cos})(x)^2}$.
- (40) Suppose $Z \subseteq \text{dom}(\text{cosec} \cdot (\text{the function tan}))$. Then
- (i) $\text{cosec} \cdot (\text{the function tan})$ is differentiable on Z , and
- (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $(\text{cosec} \cdot (\text{the function tan}))'_{|Z}(x) = \frac{(\text{the function cos})(\text{the function tan})(x))}{(\text{the function cos})(x)^2} - \frac{(\text{the function sin})(\text{the function tan})(x))}{(\text{the function sin})(x)^2}$.
- (41) Suppose $Z \subseteq \text{dom}(\text{cosec} \cdot (\text{the function cot}))$. Then
- (i) $\text{cosec} \cdot (\text{the function cot})$ is differentiable on Z , and
- (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $(\text{cosec} \cdot (\text{the function cot}))'_{|Z}(x) = \frac{(\text{the function cos})(\text{the function cot})(x))}{(\text{the function sin})(x)^2} - \frac{(\text{the function sin})(\text{the function cot})(x))}{(\text{the function sin})(x)^2}$.
- (42) Suppose $Z \subseteq \text{dom}((\text{the function tan}) \sec)$. Then
- (i) $(\text{the function tan}) \sec$ is differentiable on Z , and
- (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $((\text{the function tan}) \sec)'_{|Z}(x) = \frac{1}{(\text{the function cos})(x)} + \frac{(\text{the function tan})(x) \cdot (\text{the function sin})(x)}{(\text{the function cos})(x)^2}$.
- (43) Suppose $Z \subseteq \text{dom}((\text{the function cot}) \sec)$. Then
- (i) $(\text{the function cot}) \sec$ is differentiable on Z , and
- (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $((\text{the function cot}) \sec)'_{|Z}(x) = \frac{1}{(\text{the function cos})(x)} + \frac{(\text{the function cot})(x) \cdot (\text{the function sin})(x)}{(\text{the function cos})(x)^2}$.
- (44) Suppose $Z \subseteq \text{dom}((\text{the function tan}) \text{cosec})$. Then
- (i) $(\text{the function tan}) \text{cosec}$ is differentiable on Z , and
- (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $((\text{the function tan}) \text{cosec})'_{|Z}(x) = \frac{1}{(\text{the function sin})(x)} - \frac{(\text{the function tan})(x) \cdot (\text{the function cos})(x)}{(\text{the function sin})(x)^2}$.
- (45) Suppose $Z \subseteq \text{dom}((\text{the function cot}) \text{cosec})$. Then
- (i) $(\text{the function cot}) \text{cosec}$ is differentiable on Z , and
- (ii) for every x such that $x \in Z$ holds $((\text{the function cot}) \text{cosec})'_{|Z}(x) = \frac{1}{(\text{the function sin})(x)} - \frac{(\text{the function cot})(x) \cdot (\text{the function cos})(x)}{(\text{the function sin})(x)^2}$.

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